

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the standalone balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, **except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report**, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 March 2024, its loss and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Company has borrowed money in the nature of inter corporate deposits from its group companies on which interest is payable between 7 to 9% p.a. However, the Company has not provided the interest amounting to INR 43.97 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. Had the interest provision been made the loss for the year ended would have been higher by INR 43.97 million.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Material uncertainty related to Going Concern

- a. We draw attention to note 21 to the accompanying Financial Statement, which indicates that the Company has incurred a net loss (including other comprehensive income) of INR 135.35 million, and as of that date, the Company's accumulated losses amount to INR 201.14 million resulting in a negative net worth of INR 201.04 million.



- b. We draw attention to note 20 (c), the Holding Company, Siti Networks Limited, having 100% of shareholding as on the reporting date is undergoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) pursuant to the order dated 22 February 2023 ("Admission Order") passed by the Hon'able National Company Law Tribunal Appellate, Mumbai, under the provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

The admission order was challenged by one of the Directors (powers suspended) of the Company before National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT). NCLAT vide order dated 07 March 2023 stayed the operation of the admission order date 22 February 2023. The appeal filed was subsequently dismissed by the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal on 10 August 2023 (NCLAT final Order). Pursuant to the NCLAT final order, the Resolution Professional (RP) has taken over management and control of the company on 16 August 2023.

The Statutory auditor of Siti Networks Limited has expressed disclaimer of conclusion in its limited review report in respect of the standalone and consolidated financial results for the quarter ended 31 December 2023 dated 10 May 2024. As a result, there exists a material uncertainty about the Company's ability to get financial support from the holding company.

The above factors indicate a material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern since the future of the Company is dependent upon the successful implementation of the Resolution plan of the holding company. The Statement has been prepared by the management assuming going concern basis of accounting, for which we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the use of such assumption, based on management's assessment of the successful outcome of the ongoing Resolution process. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's directors' report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Board of Directors Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making



judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other matters

The comparative financial information of the company as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, included in these financial statements, has been audited by predecessor auditor whose report dated 29 May 2023 expressed a qualified opinion.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "**Annexure A**" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) Except for the effects of the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matter stated in the paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - c) The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) Except for the effects of the matter(s) described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 01 April 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected herewith are as stated in paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**";



- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- a. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at 31 March 2024.
 - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
 - d.
 - (i) The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The management has represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (iii) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - e) The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
 - f) Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account, however, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility has not been enabled. Consequently, we are unable to comment on audit trail feature of the said software.

for **Sridhar Natarajan**
Chartered Accountant



Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683



Place : Delhi
Date : 04 September 2024
UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011

ANNEXURE A - referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on other Legal & Regulatory Requirements' to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Standalone Financial Statements of Variety Entertainment Private Limited

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- i) (a) In respect of the Company's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:
 - (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment;
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly the provisions of clause 3(i)(a)B of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of property, plant and equipment (*other than set top boxes installed at customer locations or at distributors location as physical verification is not feasible owing to the location of the assets*) in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. No discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no immovable property held by the Company, and accordingly the provisions of clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
- ii) (a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and accordingly the provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits from banks and financial institutions during the year, and accordingly the provisions of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- iii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has granted loans during the year. The details of loans given during the year and outstanding as at 31 March 2024 is provided below:

Particulars	Loans (Amount INR Mn)
Aggregate amount granted during the year - Other related party (refer note 23)	13.13
Balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date in respect of the above cases - Other related party (refer note 23)	18.56

Other than the above the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year.

- iv) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are loans given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable and company has complied with all the provision relating to the same except that no interest has been charged on the loans outstanding during the previous years. There are no investments, guarantees and securities given during the year.
- v) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits during the year within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records by the Company under section 148(1) of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of service tax, duty of excise, sales tax and value added tax during the year since effective 01 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into Goods and Service Tax (GST).

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion amounts deducted / accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Income Tax or other statutory dues, the Company is generally regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Income-Tax or other statutory dues were outstanding as at 31 March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues relating to Sales tax, Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings as provided below:

Nature of borrowing	Lender	Amount not paid on due date (INR Mn)	Whether principal or interest	Number of days delay or unpaid	Remarks, if any
Inter corporate deposit	Indian Cable Net Company Limited	481.20	Principal	730	No interest has been provided and paid
Inter corporate deposit	Siti Siri Digital Network Private Limited	6.47	Principal	730	No interest has been provided and paid
Inter corporate deposit	Master Channel Community Network Private Limited	3.00	Principal	730	No interest has been provided and paid

- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, there were no term loans taken by the Company during the year or any unutilised term loans at the beginning of the year, accordingly the provisions of clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statement of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries during the year.
- (f) According to the information and explanation given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during

the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and as represented by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in Note 24 to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business and is not required to have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 13 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (b) Since the Company is not required to have an internal audit system, the provisions of clause 3(xiv)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected to its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) to (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of INR 125.73 million in the current year and INR 28.77 in the immediately preceding financial year.

- xviii) During the year there has been resignation of statutory auditors and the outgoing statutory auditors have not raised any issues, objections or concerns.
- xix) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in notes to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, *it has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that material uncertainty exists* as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

for **Sridhar Natarajan**
Chartered Accountant



Sridhar Natarajan
Partner
Membership No. 202683



Place : Delhi
Date : 04 September 2024
UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of Variety Entertainment Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

(referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements of Variety Entertainment Private Limited as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Board of Directors Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to this standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to this financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to this financial statements.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial controls is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control includes those policies and procedures that

- 1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- 2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- 3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the Company has not established its internal control over financial reporting on criteria based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. As a result, we are unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinions whether the Company had adequate internal control over financial reporting and whether such internal control was operating effectively as on 31 March 2024.

Based on the limited audit procedures performed by us during the course of our audit, the following material weakness has been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting as at 31 March 2024:

The Company has borrowed money in the nature of inter corporate deposits from its group companies on which interest is payable between 7 to 9% p.a. However, the Company has not provided the interest amounting to NR 43.97 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. Had the interest provision been made the loss for the year ended would have been higher by INR 43.97 million.

- a. The company's internal financial controls over preparation of financial statements with respect to presentation and disclosure of interest payable on inter corporate deposit amounting to INR 43.97 million, were not operating effectively which has resulted in

a material misstatement of the finance cost including the relevant disclosures in the standalone financial statements. Had the interest provision been made the loss for the year ended would have been higher by INR 43.97 million.

- b. The Company does not have an appropriate internal control to make management assertions with respect to "existence" of balance of assets and liabilities at the year-end dates. The Company is unable to provide the reconciliation of supplier accounts, customer accounts etc.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to financials statements, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company, and these material weaknesses have affected our opinion on the financial statement of the Company and we have issued a qualified opinion on the financial statement.

for **Sridhar Natarajan**
Chartered Accountant



Sridhar Natarajan
Partner
Membership No. 202683



Place : Delhi

Date : 04 September 2024

UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011

Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754


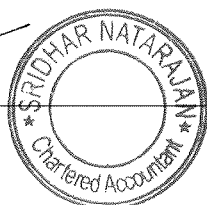
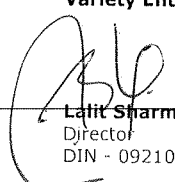
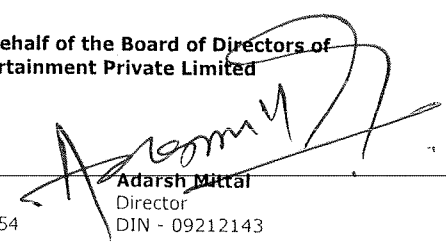
Standalone Balance sheet as at 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

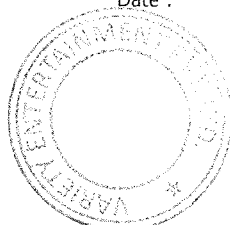
	<u>Note No.</u>	<u>As at 31 March 2024</u>	<u>As at 31 March 2023</u>
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	15.89	20.95
Investments	4	16.45	20.98
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	5	203.57	186.41
Income tax asset	6	2.41	3.19
Total non-current assets		238.32	231.53
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	8	20.69	108.95
Cash and cash equivalents	9	6.86	30.82
Other financial assets	5	251.26	351.13
Other current assets	7	9.51	26.90
Total current assets		288.32	517.80
TOTAL ASSETS		526.64	749.33
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10	0.10	0.10
Other equity	11	(201.14)	(65.79)
Total equity		(201.04)	(65.69)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	490.67	481.20
Other non-current liabilities	13	191.40	191.40
Total non-current liabilities		682.07	672.60
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	14		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small		39.39	92.60
Other current liabilities	13	6.22	49.82
Total current liabilities		45.61	142.42
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		526.64	749.33
Material accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Sridhar Natarajan
Chartered Accountant
Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Variety Entertainment Private Limited
Lalit Sharma
Director
DIN - 09210454
Adarsh Mittal
Director
DIN - 09212143Place : Delhi
Date :

UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011

Place : Delhi
Date :

Variety Entertainment Private Limited
CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	15	44.13	65.36
Other income	16	5.93	11.75
TOTAL INCOME		50.06	77.11
EXPENSES			
Finance cost	17	0.34	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	5.09	5.09
Other expenses	18	175.45	43.79
TOTAL EXPENSES		180.88	48.88
Loss for the year before exceptional item and tax		(130.82)	28.23
Exceptional item		-	50.04
Share in net loss of joint venture		4.53	1.87
Loss for the year before tax		(135.35)	(23.68)
Tax expense			
Current tax		-	-
Short provision of tax relating to earlier years		-	-
Deferred tax		-	(1.08)
Loss for the year after tax		(135.35)	(22.60)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss			
Net gain / (loss) on FVTOCI		-	-
Income tax effect		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(135.35)	(22.60)
Earnings per equity share (face value of INR 10 each)			
- Basic / Diluted	19	(1,35,350)	(22,600)

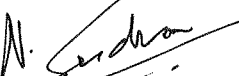
Material accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached


For Sridhar Natarajan
Chartered Accountant

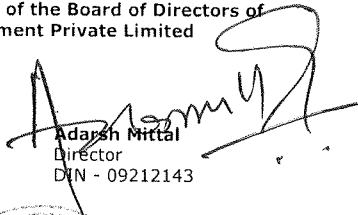

Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683



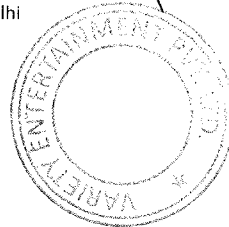
Place : Delhi
Date :

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Variety Entertainment Private Limited**


Lalit Sharma
Director
DIN - 09210454


Adarsh Mittal
Director
DIN - 09212143

Place : Delhi
Date :



UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(135.35)	(23.68)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5.09	5.09
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)	0.34	-
Interest income	(0.20)	(0.52)
Share of loss of joint venture	4.53	1.87
Provision for doubtful advances	86.07	-
Provision for doubtful debts	31.05	-
Bad debts	7.75	-
Provision/liabilities no longer required written back	-	(0.71)
Exceptional item	-	50.04
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	(0.72)	32.09
Changes in working capital:		
Adjustment for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
- Other non-current financial assets	(103.23)	20.11
- Trade receivables	49.46	96.54
- Other current financial assets	99.87	(88.99)
- Other current assets	17.39	-
Adjustment for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
- Trade payables	(53.21)	(83.27)
- Other current liabilities	(43.60)	(51.81)
Cash generated from operations	(34.04)	(75.33)
Income tax/tax deducted at source (paid)/refunds	0.78	-
Net cash flow used in operating activities [A]	(33.26)	(75.33)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment	(0.03)	-
Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents	-	89.39
Interest received	0.20	0.52
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities [B]	0.17	89.91
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	9.47	-
Finance cost	(0.34)	-
Net cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities [C]	9.13	-
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents [A+B+C]	(23.96)	14.58
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	30.82	16.24
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	6.86	30.82
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year comprises:		
Cash on hand	-	-
Balances with banks in current accounts	1.26	1.90
Balances with banks in fixed deposits	5.60	28.92
Cash and cash equivalents	6.86	30.82

The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in "Indian Accounting Standard-7" - Statement of cash flows.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Sridhar Natarajan
Chartered Accountant

Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Variety Entertainment Private Limited

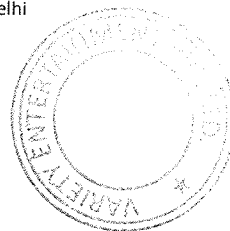
Harit Sharma
Director
DIN - 09210454

Adarsh Mittal
Director
DIN - 09212143

Place : Delhi
Date :

Place : Delhi
Date :

UDIN:24202683BKBRYU1011



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

1.1 Corporate Information

Variety Entertainment Private Limited (the 'Company') is a Limited Company, incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 and having CIN: U92132TG1998PTC029754. The Registered office of the Company is situated at 6-2-935/2, Savithri Nilayam, Khairatabad, Hyderabad - 500 004, Telengana, India.

The Company is into the business of providing advertisement management services to the end consumers.

1.2 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

2 Material Accounting Policies

2.01 Statement of compliance

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read together with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent applicable and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The significant accounting policies adopted in presentation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

The financial statements are approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 04/09/2024.

2.02 Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the company is Indian rupees. This financial statement is presented in Indian rupees. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes are rounded off to millions the nearest INR rupee in compliance with Schedule III of the Act, unless otherwise stated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures. Face value of share and earnings per share are presented in Indian Rupees.

2.03 Basis of measurement

The standalone financial statement have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting polices below.

2.04 Use of Estimates

The preparation of these standalone financial statement requires the Management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the difference between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the years in which the results are known / materialize.

2.05 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

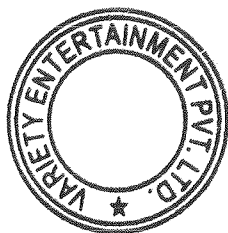
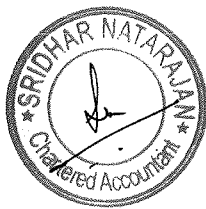
A liability is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include the current portion of non-current financial liabilities. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the recognition of assets and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has considered twelve months as its operating cycle.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

2.06 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts, rebates and government grants/subsidies, any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use. All repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment retired from active use and held for sale are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realizable value and are disclosed separately in the balance sheet.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part thereof initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Capital work-in-progress

Projects under which property, plant and equipment are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost and related incidental expenses.

2.07 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each Balance Sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment to determine whether there is an indication that those assets suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Reversal of impairment loss is recognized as income in the Statement of profit and loss.

2.08 Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and are intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Investments are valued at cost inclusive of expenses incidental to their acquisition. Long term investments are carried at cost and any diminution in value is not recognized if such diminution is temporary in the opinion of the management. Short term investment are carried at the lower of cost and fair market value.

2.09 Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided using the straight line value method over the estimated useful life of the property, plant and equipment at the rates prescribed under schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 as follows:

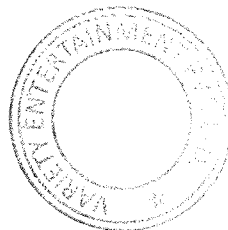
Assets	Management estimate of Useful life (In years)	Useful life as per Schedule II (In years)
Plant and equipment	13/10/8	13/18
Office equipment	5	5
Computers	3	3
Furniture and Fixtures	10	10
Vehicles	8	8

The useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

2.10 Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.—

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for financial assets that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition).

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for financial assets that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition).

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial assets other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and is included in the 'Other income'.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises credit loss allowance at lifetime expected credit loss model for trade receivables.

2.11 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liabilities (other than financial liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss account (FVTPL)) are deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Expense is recognised on an effective interest rate method basis for financial liabilities other than those financial liabilities classified as at FVTPL. Interest expense is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Finance costs" line item.

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.12 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include gratuity and compensated absences.

i) Defined contribution Plans:

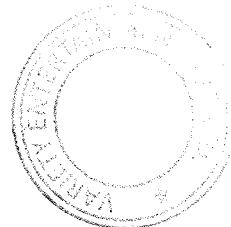
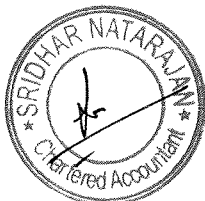
The Company's contribution to provident fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense as they fall due based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employee.

ii) Defined benefit plans:

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity, the cost is determined by estimating the ultimate cost to the entity of the benefits that employee have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods.

iii) Short-term employee benefits

Compensated absence, which is expected to be utilised within the next 12 months is treated as short term employee benefits. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

The Company treats compensated absence expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long term employee benefits for measurement purpose.

2.13 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that economic benefit associated with the transaction flows to the Company in ordinary course of its activities and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable, taking into the account contractually defined terms of payments and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue in excess of invoicing are classified as Unbilled Revenue.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Revenue from services

Advertisement income is recognised when the related advertisement gets telecasted and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived. Other advertisement revenue relating to slot sale is recognised on periodic basis.

Interest Income

Interest Income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable i.e. on the basis of matching concept.

2.14 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing Cost includes interest, commitments charges on bank borrowings, amortization of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as a part of the cost of that asset up to the date when such assets are ready for their intended use. Other Borrowing Costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

2.15 Operating lease

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease charges are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are really convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

2.17 Cash flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated based on the available information.

2.18 Earnings per share

The earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's EPS comprises of the net profit / loss after tax. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net profit / loss after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year except where the result would be anti-dilutive. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

2.19 Taxation

Income tax expenses comprises current and deferred tax

Current Tax

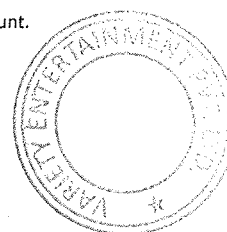
Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws. Advance taxes and provisions for current taxes are presented in the Balance Sheet after off-setting advance taxes paid and income tax provisions.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all timing differences and carried forward to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets to the extent they pertain to brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation are recognized only to the extent that there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise the assets. Deferred tax liability are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reviewed for appropriateness of their respective carrying value at each Balance Sheet date.

Current and deferred tax for the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss account.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

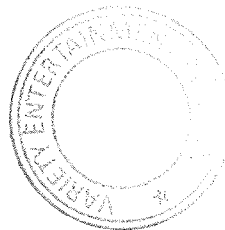
2.20 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date and are not discounted to its present value. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

2.21 Segment information

Based on similarity of activities, risks and reward structure, organization structure and internal reporting systems, the Company's primary business segment is providing Cable TV services.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754


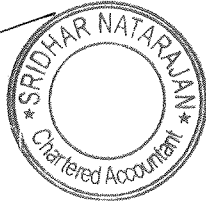
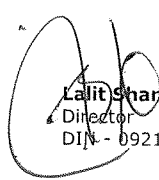

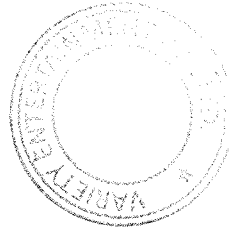
Standalone Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

	Amount		
A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL			
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital			
Balance as at 1 April 2022			0.10
Changes in equity share capital during the year			-
Balance as at 31 March 2023			0.10
Changes in equity share capital during the year			-
Balance as at 31 March 2024			0.10
B OTHER EQUITY			
Particulars	Items of OCI		
	Reserves and surplus Retained earnings	FVTOCI - Equity instrument	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2022			
Loss for the year	(16.65)	-	(16.65)
Other comprehensive income	(22.60)	-	(22.60)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(22.60)	-	(22.60)
Transfer from/to general reserve	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	(39.25)	-	(39.25)
Loss for the year	(135.35)	-	(135.35)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(135.35)	-	(135.35)
Transfer from/to general reserve	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	(174.60)	-	(174.60)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Sridhar Natarajan
Chartered Accountant
Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683Place : Delhi
Date :For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Variety Entertainment Private Limited
Lalit Sharma
Director
DIN - 09210454
Adarsh Mittal
Director
DIN - 09212143Place : Delhi
Date :

Variety Entertainment Private Limited

CIN : U92132TG1998PTC029754

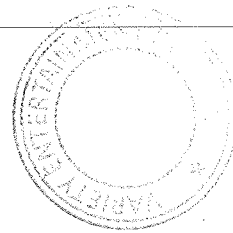
Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

*(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)***3.0 Property, plant and equipment**

Carrying amount:	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Plant and equipment	15.86	20.95
Furniture and fixtures	-	-
Computers	0.03	-
	15.89	20.95

3.1 Reconciliation of carrying amount

Particulars	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Total
At cost				
Balance as at 1 April 2022	29.75	0.78	16.64	47.17
Additions made during the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals/adjustments during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	29.75	0.78	16.64	47.17
Additions made during the year	-	-	0.03	0.03
Disposals/adjustments during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	29.75	0.78	16.67	47.20
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as at 1 April 2022	3.71	0.78	16.64	21.13
Depreciation expenses	5.09	-	-	5.09
Disposals/adjustments during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	8.80	0.78	16.64	26.22
Depreciation expenses	5.09	-	-	5.09
Disposals/adjustments during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	13.89	0.78	16.64	31.31
Carrying amount				
Balance as at 31 March 2023	20.95	-	-	20.95
Balance as at 31 March 2024	15.86	-	0.03	15.89

Note : Plant and equipment includes setup boxes which are deployed at customer locations

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
4 INVESTMENTS		
<i>(Unquoted investment at cost)</i>		
Non-current investment in joint venture company		
10,000 (31 March 2023 : 10,000) fully paid up equity shares of INR 10 each in Paramount Digital Media Services Private Limited (effective holding 50%)	35.27	35.27
- Carrying amount of interest at beginning of the year	20.98	22.85
- Share of loss from continuing operations	4.53	1.87
- Carrying amount of interest at end of the year	16.45	20.98
5 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
<i>(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)</i>		
Non-current - At amortised cost		
Loans and advances to related parties (refer note 24)		
- Considered good	203.57	186.41
- Considered doubtful	86.07	-
Less : Provision for doubtful advances	86.07	-
	203.57	186.41
Current - At amortised cost		
Security deposits	-	20.11
Loans and advances to related parties (refer note 24)	240.51	240.51
Other advances	10.75	90.51
	251.26	351.13
Note : Loans and advances to related parties have been provided with out any definitive agreement, hence the terms of repayment and interest rates are not available. The Company has not charged interest on any loan to related party other than to E-Net Entertainment Private Limited.		
6 INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)		
Advance income tax [net of provision for taxation INR Nil (31 Mar 2023 : INR Nil)]	2.41	3.19
	2.41	3.19
7 OTHER ASSETS		
<i>(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)</i>		
Current		
Balance with government authorities		
- GST	9.51	26.90
	9.51	26.90
8 TRADE RECEIVABLES		
<i>(Unsecured)</i>		
Trade receivables considered good	20.69	106.11
Trade receivables - credit impaired	32.39	1.33
Unbilled revenue	-	2.84
	53.08	110.28
Less : Allowances for doubtful debt	(32.39)	(1.33)
	20.69	108.95
- Includes receivables from related parties INR 13.21 million (Previous year : INR 3.83 million).		
- Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms of 0 - 30 days.		
- There are no trade or other receivables due from directors or officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other recoverables are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.		

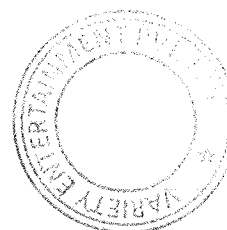
Trade receivables ageing schedule
As at 31 March 2024

	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables:							
- Considered good	-	14.79	5.90	-	-	-	20.69
	(2.84)	(8.39)	(2.96)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(14.19)
- Significant increase in credit risk	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.86)	(4.92)	(85.98)	(94.76)
- Credit impaired	(-)	(-)	(-)	5.89	2.81	23.69	32.39
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.33)	(1.33)
Disputed trade receivables:							
- Considered good	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
- Significant increase in credit risk	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
- Credit impaired	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

(Figures in bracket denotes previous year figures)

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Balances with banks		
Balance in current accounts	1.26	1.48
Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than twelve months	5.60	28.92
Cheques/drafts on hand	-	0.42
	6.86	30.82



	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
10 SHARE CAPITAL		
a. Authorised share capital		
1,00,000 (31 March 2023 : 1,00,000) equity shares of INR 100/- each	10.00	10.00
b. Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares		
1,000 (31 March 2023 : 1,000) equity shares of INR 100/- each	0.10	0.10
	0.10	0.10

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		AS at 31 March 2023	
	Number of shares held	Rupees	Number of shares held	Rupees
At the beginning of the year	1,000	0.10	1,000	0.10
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	1,000	0.10	1,000	0.10

ii. **Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares**
The Company has one class of equity shares having a face value of INR 100 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The holders of equity shares are entitled to dividends, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

iii. **Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:**

Name of shareholder	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number of shares held	% holding	Number of shares held	% holding
Siti Networks Limited	1,000	100.00%	1,000	100.00%
	1,000	100.00%	1,000	100.00%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

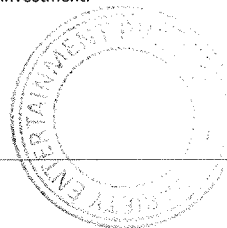
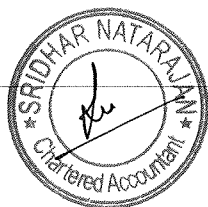
iv. **Details of promoters' shareholding**

Name of the Promoter	As at 31 March 2024		
	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Siti Networks Limited	1,000	100.00%	0.00%
	1,000	100.00%	0.00%

Name of the Promoter	As at 31 March 2023		
	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Siti Networks Limited	1,000	100.00%	0.00%
	1,000	100.00%	0.00%

v. There are no bonus issue, buy back of equity shares and equity shared issue for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

vi. No shares were reserved for issue under contracts / commitment for sale of shares / disinvestment.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
11 OTHER EQUITY		
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(65.79)	(43.19)
Loss for the year	(135.35)	(22.60)
Closing balance	<u>(201.14)</u>	<u>(65.79)</u>

a Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders, if any.

12 BORROWINGS		
Non-current		
Inter corporate deposits *	490.67	481.20
	<u>490.67</u>	<u>481.20</u>

* Inter corporate deposits are taken from fellow subsidiary companies carrying an interest rate of 7-9% per annum and are repayable on demand.

13 OTHER LIABILITIES		
Non-current		
Security deposit received	191.40	191.40
Payables on purchase of fixed assets	<u>191.40</u>	<u>191.40</u>
Current		
Statutory dues payable		
- GST	-	-
- Others	0.28	8.40
Advance from customers	2.02	41.40
Others (non-trade suppliers, etc)	3.92	0.02
	<u>6.22</u>	<u>49.82</u>

14 TRADE PAYABLES		
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 19)	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	39.39	92.60
	<u>39.39</u>	<u>92.60</u>

Ageing of Trade Payable

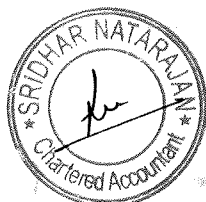
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 Undisputed		As at 31 March 2024 Disputed	
	MSME	Others	MSME	Others
Unbilled *	-	-	-	-
Not due	-	-	-	-
< 1 year	-	0.03	-	-
1-2 years	-	0.02	-	-
2-3 years	-	0.00	-	-
> 3 years	-	39.35	-	-
	-	<u>39.39</u>	-	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023 Undisputed		As at 31 March 2023 Disputed	
	MSME	Others	MSME	Others
Unbilled *	-	10.81	-	-
Not due	-	-	-	-
< 1 year	-	42.36	-	-
1-2 years	-	39.41	-	-
2-3 years	-	0.02	-	-
> 3 years	-	-	-	-
	-	<u>92.60</u>	-	-

* Unbilled represents provisions for expenses.

^ In case no due date of payment is specified, disclosure is from date of transactions.

The company has not identified MSME creditors, hence all the creditors have been classified as Non-MSME.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited
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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

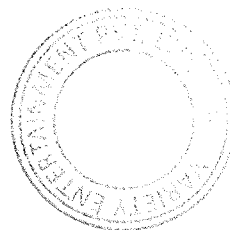
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
15 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of services		
- Advertisement income	43.77	64.90
- Other networking and management income	0.36	0.46
	44.13	65.36
16 OTHER INCOME		
Interest from banks on deposits	0.30	8.10
Interest from income tax refunds	0.20	0.52
Interest from inter corporate deposits	5.30	-
Interest others	-	2.42
Provision/liabilities no longer required written back	-	0.71
Other Income	0.13	-
	5.93	11.75
17 FINANCE COST		
Interest others	0.34	-
	0.34	-
18 OTHER EXPENSES		
Rates & Taxes	0.01	-
Legal and professional charges *	0.80	0.85
Advertisement and business promotion	0.50	-
Service charges	-	0.64
Bank charges	0.06	0.06
Provision for bad and doubtful debt	31.05	-
Provision for doubtful advances	86.07	-
Bad debts	7.75	-
Printing and stationery	0.01	-
Other operational cost	49.20	42.21
Miscellaneous expenses	-	50.07
	175.45	93.83
* includes payment to auditors (net of input GST credit, if any)		
Audit fee	0.10	0.10
	0.10	0.10
19 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)		

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted EPS, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Loss attributable to equity holders for basic earnings	(135.35)	(22.60)
Effect of dilution	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders for the effect of dilution	(135.35)	(22.60)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	1,000	1,000
Effect of dilution	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	1,000	1,000
Basic EPS (absolute value in INR)	(1,35,350.00)	(22,600.00)
Diluted EPS (absolute value in INR)	(1,35,350.00)	(22,600.00)



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024*(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)***20 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (To the extent not provided for)**

- a. Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt Nil (Previous year : Nil).
- b. Capital commitments – The estimated amount of contracts of capital nature (net of advances) remaining to be executed and not provided for is Nil (Previous year : Nil).
- c. The holding company "Siti Networks Limited" having 51% of shareholding as on the reporting date is undergoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) pursuant to order dated 22 February 2023 ("Admission Order") passed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai, under provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("code"/"IBC").

The admission order was challenged by one of the Directors (powers suspended) of the Company before National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT). NCLAT vide order dated 07 March 2023 stayed the operation of the admission order date 22 February 2023. The appeal filed was subsequently dismissed by the National Company Law Appellate Tribunal on 10 August 2023 (NCLAT final Order). Pursuant to the NCLAT final order, the Resolution Professional (RP) has taken over management and control of the company on 16 August 2023.

The statutory auditor of Siti Networks Limited has expressed disclaimer of conclusion in the limited review report in respect of the standalone and consolidated financial results for the quarter ended 30 December, 2023 dated 10 May 2024. Accordingly, there exists a material uncertainty about the Company's ability get support from the Holding Company and to continue as a going concern since the future of the Company is dependent upon the successful implementation of the Resolution Plan.

21. The Company has incurred a net loss (including other comprehensive income) of INR 135.35 million (Previous year INR 22.60 million), and as of that date, the Company's accumulated losses amount to INR 201.14 million resulting in a negative net worth of INR 201.04 million.

Accordingly, there exists a material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern since the future of the Company is dependent upon the successful implementation of the Resolution plan of Siti Networks Limited. Since the Holding Company's CIRP is currently in progress, it is required that the Company/Group be managed as a going concern during the CIRP period. The standalone financial information has been prepared assuming going concern basis of accounting, although there exists material uncertainty about the Company's/ Group's ability to continue as a going concern since the same is dependent upon the successful implementation of a resolution plan approved by NCLT.

22 Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED")

The company has not identified Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, hence all the suppliers have been considered as non-MSME. Accordingly, As at 31 March 2024 there are no dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises that are reportable under the MSMED (Previous year : Nil).

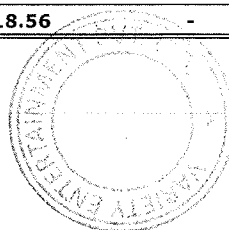
23 Disclosure required under Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013:**a. Investment made**

Name of the borrower	Paid / (recovered) during the year 2023-24	Amount as at 31 March 2024	Paid / (recovered) during the year 2022-23	Amount as at 31 March 2023
Investment in joint venture (Equity shares)				
Paramount Digital Media Services Private Limited	-	35.27	-	35.27
Total	-	35.27	-	35.27

b. Loans and guarantees given (proposed to be utilised for business purposes)

Name of the borrower	Paid / (recovered) during the year 2023-24	Amount as at 31 March 2024	Paid / (recovered) during the year 2022-23	Amount as at 31 March 2023
Loans given:				
Siti Broadband Services Private Limited	12.33	16.16	-	3.83
Siti Jind Digital Media Communications Private Limited	0.80	2.40	-	1.60
Total	13.13	18.56	-	5.43

Note: Loans given are interest free



24 Related party disclosures

a. List of related parties

i. Holding, Fellow Subsidiary and Associate Companies

Siti Networks Limited	Holding Company
Indian Cable Net Company Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Maurya Cable Net Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Indinet Service Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Master Channel Community Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Vision Digital Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Guntur Digital Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Siri Digital Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Sagar Digital Cable Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Global Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Broadband Services Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Saistar Digital Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Central Bombay Cable Network Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siticable Broadband South Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Wire and Wireless Tisai Satellite Limited	Joint venture of Siti Networks Limited
Siti Jind Digital Media Communications Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Jai Maa Durgee Communications Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Karnal Digital Media Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Krishna Digital Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Jony Digital Cable Network Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Faction Digital Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Siti Prime Uttaranchal Communication Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
E-Net Entertainment Private Limited	Step Fellow Subsidiary
Voice Snap Services Private Limited	Associate Company of Siti Networks Limited
C&S Medianet Private Limited	Associate Company of Siti Networks Limited
Siti Networks India LLP	Fellow Subsidiary
Paramount Digital Media Services Private Limited	Joint venture of Variety Entertainment Private Limited

ii. Key management personnel

Adarsh Mittal, Director
Lalit Sharma, Director

b. Transactions with related parties during the year

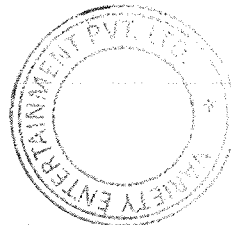
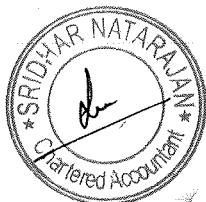
S No.	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
1.	Transactions entered into with related parties during the year		
i.	Sale of services		
	Siti Networks Limited	0.36	0.46
ii.	Purchase of services		
	Siti Networks Limited	49.09	35.07
iii.	Interest earned on loans		
	E-Net Entertainment Private Limited	5.30	2.42
iv.	Inter corporate deposit received		
	Master Channel Community Network Private Limited	3.00	-
	Siti Siri Digital Network Private Limited	75.00	-
v.	Loan and advances given		
	Siti Broadband Services Private Limited	12.33	-
	Siti Jind Digital Media Communications Private Limited	0.80	-
vi.	Expenses incurred on their behalf		
	Siti Faction Digital Private Limited	0.05	-
	Siti Global Private Limited	0.05	-
	Siti Jai Maa Durgee Communications Private Limited	0.05	-
	Siti Jony Digital Cable Network Private Limited	0.05	-
	Siti Networks India LLP	0.07	-
	Siticable Broadband South Limited	0.05	-
	Wire and Wireless Tisai Satellite Limited	0.09	-

c. Disclosure of outstanding balances with related parties are as follows

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Payables – Holding Company		
Siti Networks Limited	-	79.04
Payables – Fellow Subsidiary		
Central Bombay Cable Network Limited	39.33	39.33
Indian Cable Net Company Limited	481.20	481.20
Siti Siri Digital Network Private Limited	6.47	-
Master Channel Community Network Private Limited	3.00	-
Recoverables – Fellow Subsidiary		
Siti Networks Limited	13.21	-
Recoverables – Joint Venture		
Paramount Digital Media Services Private Limited	6.43	6.43
Recoverables – Fellow Subsidiary		
Siticable Broadband South Limited	104.96	104.91
Siti Networks India LLP	240.51	240.44
Siti Jind Digital Media Communications Private Limited	2.40	1.60
Siti Broadband Services Private Limited	16.16	3.83
E-Net Entertainment Private Limited	82.45	77.68
Siti Krishna Digital Media Private Limited	0.03	0.03
Siti Global Private Limited	0.14	0.09
Siti Siri Digital Network Private Limited	-	68.53
Siti Jony Digital Cable Network Private Limited	0.14	0.09
Siti Faction Digital Private Limited	0.15	0.10
Siti Jai Maa Durgee Communications Private Limited	0.14	0.09
Wire and Wireless Tisai Satellite Limited	0.19	0.10

25 Segment information

The Company has a single reportable business which is providing advertisement management services, hence there is no separate information to be provided.



Variety Entertainment Private Limited

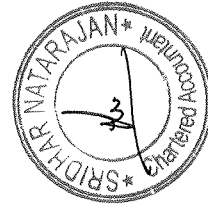
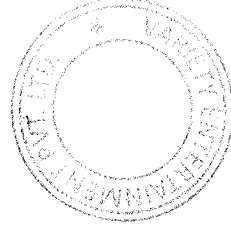
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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees million, unless otherwise stated)

26 Financial Ratios (as applicable)

S No	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	% Change	Reason for variance
1	Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	0.42	0.77	-45.09%	Due to provisions made during the year, which has reduced the current assets
2	Return on equity (%)	Profit for the year	Average equity	-135350%	-22600%	-498.89%	Due to higher losses on account of provisions made
3	Debt equity ratio	Total borrowings	Capital employed [Total Equity]	-2.44	-7.33	66.68%	Due to higher losses the debt equity seems lower
4	Trade receivable turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	0.68	0.42	62.29%	Despite drop in revenue the ratio is better due to higher provisions made for trade receivables
5	Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities)	0.18	0.17	4.43%	Despite drop in revenue the ratio is better due to higher provisions made for trade receivables which has reduced the current assets
6	Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	-306.7%	-34.6%	-787.01%	Due to higher losses on account of provisions made
7	Return on Capital employed (%)	Profit before interest and tax	Capital employed [Total Equity]	-64.9%	43.0%	-251.03%	Due to higher losses on account of provisions made



27 Other statutory information

- i. The company does not have any immovable property in its name and there are no investment properties held by the Company.
- ii. The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceedings has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- iii. The Company does not have any charge or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- iv. No dividend on equity shares is paid or proposed by the Board of Directors for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.
- v. The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- vi. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
 - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vii. The Company has not received any funds from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other person or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or
 - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- ix. The Company has no expenditure obligation towards Corporate Social Responsibility as per the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with schedule VII to the Act and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended.
- x. The Company does not have any transactions or relationships with any company struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- xi. During the year no Scheme of Arrangement has been formulated by the Company/pending with competent authority.
- xii. The Company does not have any subsidiary company as defined under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly the provisions of section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable.
- xiii. Balances in parties accounts, Goods and Service Tax are subject to confirmation / reconciliation. Appropriate adjustments, if any, will be made as and when the balances are reconciled.
- xiv. The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India and the Group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 does not have any CIC.

28 Events after the reporting period

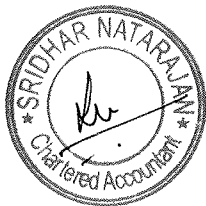
No material events have occurred after the Balance Sheet date and upto the approval of the financial statements.

29 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

For Sridhar Natarajan
Chartered Accountant

Sridhar Natarajan
Proprietor
Membership No. 202683

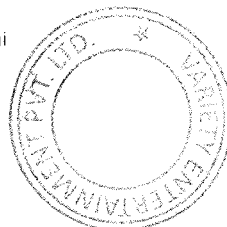
Place : Delhi
Date :



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Variety Entertainment Private Limited

Kaait Sharma
Director
DIN - 09210454

Place : Delhi
Date :



Adarsh Mittal
Director
DIN - 09212143